CONCLUSIONS

The successful implementation of the COVID-19 pandemic response has highlighted the importance of community-based care in managing patients with suspected heart failure. The use of primary care settings has shown to be effective in reducing inpatient admissions and improving patient outcomes.

RESULTS

The outcomes from the implementation of the COVID-19 pandemic response have demonstrated a significant reduction in hospital admissions for patients with suspected heart failure. The use of telemedicine and virtual care has also been shown to be effective in managing these patients.

BACKGROUND AND METHODS

The study involved a retrospective analysis of patient data from primary care settings across the COVID-19 pandemic period. The data was collected and analyzed using standardized protocols.

OBJECTIVES

The main objective of this study was to evaluate the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the management of patients with suspected heart failure in primary care settings.

INTRODUCTION

Referral Management for Patients with Suspected Heart Failure during the COVID-19 Pandemic

Portsmouth Hospitals University NHS Trust

Embracing the Future of Care